



Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2019-20							
Course Code	LW601	Title of the Course	RESEARCH: METHOD AND LEGAL WRITING	L	T	P	C
Year	1	Semester	1	2	1	0	3
Pre-Requisite	Law Graduate	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Research is a Careful Investigation or Inquiry Especially through Search for few facts in any branch of knowledge. The Objective of this paper is discovered new facts or to verify of existing facts, to proposed a new Legal Concept or to analyze existing Law and give suggestion for a new Law. The Course Aims to build scientific prospective, Attitude and Skills for Systematic Enquiry by developing understanding of Philosophical Foundation of Research various Elements of Research Design and Methods and Tools for Data Collection and Analysis. 						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	To Understand the research and compare its various kinds.
CO2	Compare and contrast the doctrinal and non-doctrinal research and demonstrate the research methodology.
CO3	Demonstrate the knowledge of research process.
CO4	Describe and understand the various methods of data collection.
CO5	To understand and demonstrate the knowledge of legal writing and method of report writing

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Research	Research: Definition and Meaning, Objective and Significance. Types of Research: Descriptive vs. Applied vs. Fundamental Quantitative vs. Qualitative, Conceptual vs. Empirical and other types like Historical and Action Research.	8	CO-1
2	Legal Research Method	Research Method and Research Methodology – Definition, Meaning and Significance. Doctrinal Research Method and Non-Doctrinal Research Qualities and Criteria for a Good Research	6	CO-2
3	Research Design	Defining the Research Problem and Objectives, Developing Research Questions, Hypothesis Meaning Formulation, Types and Evolution, Major steps in Research Design.	8	CO-3
4	Methods and Tools	Sampling, Survey and Case Study Method, Observation, Interview and Schedule, Questionnaire, Data Processing – Deduction and Induction, Analysis and Interpretation of Data	7	CO-4
5	Legal Writing	Meaning, Significance and Objectives, Citation Methodology, Footnotes, Bibliography E-resources and Plagiarism and its Consequences, Research Report Writing Dissertation and Thesis	6	CO-5

Reference Books:	
H.N. Tiwari: Legal Research Methodology	
C.R. Kothari: ‘Methodology: Methods and Techniques’	
S.R. Myneni; Legal Research Methodology	
J. Anderism: B.H. Durstan and M. Pooli; Thesis and Assignment Writing	
W. J. Goode and P.K. Hatt: Methods of Social Research	
e-Learning Source:	
https://indiankanoon.org/	
https://www.livelaw.in/	

Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)										
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5		PSO1	PSO3	PSO3	PSO4
	CO1	2	3	1	3	3		3	2	1
CO2	2	3	1	3	3		3	2	1	3
CO3	2	3	1	3	3		3	2	1	3
CO4	2	3	1	3	3		3	2	1	3
CO5	2	3	2	3	3		3	2	1	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2019-20							
Course Code	LW602	Title of the Course	Comparative Public Law	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	I	2	1	0	3
Pre-Requisite	Law Graduates	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	The paper intends to provide a comparative analysis about structure of government, legislative process and the role of the judiciary to have better understanding of the polity.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	The Unit will appraise the students meaning and scope of public law and will highlight the importance of public law for good governance.
CO2	The unit will create a depth understanding of various forms of government with special emphasis on the federal form of government.
CO3	The unit will make the students about various dimensions of rule of law.
CO4	To appraise the students about the concept separation of power and allied concepts and a comparative analysis in U.K. and Indian constitution.
CO5	The unit will highlight the various dimensions of judicial review.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Comparative Public law & Its role in Governance	Nature of Public Law , Distinction between Public Law and Private Law ,Scope of Public Law – Constitutional Law, Administrative Law and Criminal Law, Importance of Public Law	6	CO1
2	Basic Principles of Organization and Forms of Government	Forms of Government i). Presidential and Parliamentary Forms of Government ii). Federal and Unitary Form of Government , Federal and Unitary Forms i). Features ii).Advantages and Disadvantages , Concept of Quasi- Federalism	8	CO2
3	Rule of Law	Dicey’s Concept of Rules of Law, Modern Concept of Rules of Law , Recent Development i). India ii). United Kingdom (U.K.) , Social Economic Rights as Part of Rules	7	CO3
4	Theory of Separation of Power	Montesquieu’s Theory of Separation of Power , Check and Balances , Comparative Study i). India ii).United Kingdom (U.K.)	8	CO4
5	Judicial Review	Evolution and Concept of Judicial Review , Meaning of Judicial Review , Grounds of Judicial Review , Limitations on Judicial Review	6	CO5

Reference Books:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dr. Durga Das Basu, Comparative Federalism, Wadhawa, 2008 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prof. (Dr.) Lakshminath, Prof. (Dr.) Vijay Ghormade, Prof. (Dr.) Mukund Sarada, Comparative Law and Selected Legal Systems, Hindu House, 2011 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chirtother Forsyth, Mark Elliot, Swati Jhaveri, Elective Judicial Review: A cornerstone of Good Governance, Oxford University Press, 2010 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> M. P. Singh – Comparative Constitutional Law, Eastern Book Company, 1989 	

e-Learning Source:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> https://indiankanoon.org/ 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> https://www.livelaw.in/ 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> https://ipleaders.in/ 	

Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)										
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	CO1	3	3	3	3		3		3	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3		3		3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3		3		3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3		3		3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3		3		3	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2023-24							
Course Code	LW605	Title of the Course	Judicial Process	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	I	2	1	0	3
Pre-Requisite	Law Graduates	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The objective of this course is to study the nature of the judicial process and the role of the judges as policymakers. This paper is to apprise the students about the intricacies of judicial creativity and judicial law-making. 						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	This unit will enable the students to understand the nature of the judicial process and its role.
CO2	This unit will create an understanding of the concept of precedent and stare decisis.
CO3	Enable the students to enhance their knowledge regarding the Judicial Process in India.
CO4	Enable the students to understand the contemporary nature of the Judicial Process.
CO5	This unit will evaluate the relations between Law and Justice.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Nature of Judicial Process and its Role	History, tradition, and sociology; The judicial process as an instrument of social ordering; Judicial process and creativity in law, common law model, Legal Reasoning and growth of law, Legal development, and creativity through legal reasoning under the statutory regime.	08	CO1
2	The doctrine of Precedent and Stare decisis	Ratio decidendi-Obiter dicta; Operation of Precedent in India; Advisory Jurisdiction of Supreme Court and its impact on precedents; Prospective overruling; techniques of innovation of stare decisis.	06	CO2
3	Judicial Process in India	Indian debate on the role of judges and on the notion of judicial review; The independence of the judiciary and the political nature of the judicial process; Judicial activism and creativity of the Supreme Court; Judicial process in pursuit of constitutional goals and values; New dimensions of judicial activism and structural challenges.	05	CO3
4	Contemporary Nature of Judicial Process	The Doctrine of Independence of Judiciary; Judicial Accountability and Law-making; Code of Ethics for Judges-Nemo debet esse iudex in propria causa sua, fiat justitia, ruat caelum; audi alteram partem, audi alteram partem; Issues and challenges with the Indian Judicial System	05	CO4
5	Relation between Law and Justice	Concept of Law and Justice; Types of Justice- compensatory justice, distributive justice- social, economic, and political justice. Equivalence Theories; Dependency theories; the independence of justice theories; Difference between Law and Justice; Concept of relative and absolute justice.	06	CO5

Reference Books:
1. Cordozo 'The Nature of Judicial Process (1995). Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi
2. Julius Stone. The Province and Function of Law Ch.1, PP 8-16, (2000) Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi
3. J. Stone, Precedent and the Law: Dynamics of Common Law Growth (1985), Butterworths
4. J. Stone. Legal System and Lawyer's Reasoning (1999), Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi
5. Upendra Baxi, The Indian Supreme Court and Politics. (1980), Eastern Book Co., Lucknow.
6. Rajeev Dhavan. The Supreme Court of India – A Socio-Legal Critique of its Juristic Techniques (1977), Tripathi – Bombay.
7. Virendra Kumar, Basic Structure of the Indian Constitution: Doctrine of Constitutionally Governance, 49 Journal of the Indian Law Institute, PP 365-395, (2007).
8. A. S. Anand, Judicial Review – Judicial Activism–Need for Caution, 42 Journal of Indian Law Institute P. 149 (2000).
9. Upendra Baxi, "On how not to Judge the Judges" 25 Journal of the Indian Law Institute, P. 211 (1983).
10. Henry J. Abraham, The Judicial Process (1998), Oxford
11. S. P. Sath, Judicial Activism in India: Transgressing borders and Enforcing Limits, Oxford New Delhi. (2002).
12. W. Friedmann, Legal Theory, 1960
13. Bodenheimer-Jurisprudence-the Philosophy and Method of the Law, 1997, Universal, New Delhi
14. Dias- Jurisprudence, Fifth Edition, LexisNexis

e-Learning Source:
https://indiankanoon.org/
https://ipleaders.in/
https://www.livelaw.in/

Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)											
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	3					3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3					3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3					3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3			1		3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3			2		3	3	3	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2023-25							
Course Code	LW621	Title of the Course	Medical Jurisprudence	L	T <th style="width: 5%;">P</th> <td style="width: 5%;">C</td>	P	C
Year	I	Semester	II	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	Law Graduates	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The main objective of teaching forensic medicine to undergraduate students is to create a doctor who is knowledgeable about medico-legal duty when practicing medicine. The students will also be able to make observations and draw conclusions using reason to direct inquiries into criminal situations and related medicolegal issues in the proper direction by learning the legislation in regard to medical practice, medical negligence, and adherence to medical ethics norms. 						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	This Unit will acquaint the students with the basic principles of Medical Jurisprudence and Forensic Medicine and the role of administration of Criminal Justice in investigation of Crime
CO2	This Unit illustrates the medico-legal aspect of death with complete analysis of the causes of death in lieu of circumstances of the case.
CO3	This Unit describes importance of Forensic Science especially with reference to sexual offences.
CO4	This Unit illustrates the legal aspects of different kinds of wound and injuries and the role of mental health in Forensic Science.
CO5	This Unit deals with the international perspective of Crime in relation to Torture and the law on Toxicology.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
	Introduction	Medical Jurisprudence: History and Development; Current scenario at National & International Level; Forensic Science: Definition. Use of Forensic Science in Legal Process; Evidence- Documentary Evidence: Medial Certificates, Medico-Legal Reports.	7	CO1
2	Medico-legal aspect of Death	Concept of Human Anatomy and Physiology; Causes of Death; Injuries: classification, forms, and medico-legal aspects; Medico-Legal Aspects: PM Report, Dying Declaration and Expert Testimony (Evidence Act); Presumption of Death, Presumption of Survivorship; Deaths from Asphyxia: Introduction, Hanging, Strangulation, Suffocation, Drowning; Injuries by Mechanical Violence: Introduction, Business & Contusions, Abrasions, Wounds, Introduction to Firearms & ammunitions	10	CO2
3	Forensic Science and Sexual Offences	Medico-Legal Aspect of Sterilization, Impotence, Sterility & Artificial Insemination, surrogate Births, Semen Banking, Virginity, Pregnancy, and Delivery; Sexual Offences & Unnatural Sexual Offence, AIDS v. Legitimacy & Legal Aspect of Marriage, Infanticide, Abortion & Medical Termination of Pregnancy;	10	CO3
4	Wounds and Mental Health in Forensics	Medico-Legal aspect of Wounds: Nature of injury, Examination of Injured Persons, Cause of Death from Wounds, Power of Volitional, acts after receiving a Fatal injury, Difference between wounds inflicted during life & after; Difference between Suicidal, Homicidal & Accidental Wounds; Insanity in its Medico-Legal Aspect: Introduction, Cause of Mental ill Health, Indication of Mental Health, Classification of Mental Diseases, Feigned Mental ill health; Criminal Responsibility	11	CO4
5	Torture and Toxicology	Torture & Medicine: Introduction & Definition, Reasons for Torture, Types of Torture, Medico-Legal Aspects of Torture, Postmortem Detection of Torture. Toxicology: Law relating to Poisons, Action of Poisons, Asphyxiates (Irrespirable Cases), Carbon Di-Oxide, Carbon Mono-Oxide, and War Gases. Law & Medicines, Medical Ethics, Medical Council Act, Professional Negligence. Transplantation of Human Organs, Human Experimentation	7	CO5

Reference Books:	
	• Taylor's Principles & Practice of Medical Jurisprudence. Edited by A.Keith Mant, Churchill Livingstone.
	• Bernard Knight et. All: Cox's Medical Jurisprudence & Toxicology
	• Modi's Textbook of Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology
	• Text Book of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology – Krishna Viz
e-Learning Source:	
	• https://www.routledge.com/Medical-Jurisprudence--Clinical-Forensic-Medicine-An-Indian-Perspective/Patra-Shaha/p/book/9780367688073
	• https://elibrary.vidhinama.com/medical-jurisprudence/
	• https://lc2.du.ac.in/E-Teaching%20Learning%20Resources.html
	• https://www.livewlaw.in/

PO-PSO CO	PO1					PSO1			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	3				3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3				3	3	3	3

CO3	3	3					3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3					3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3					3	3	3	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2023-24							
Course Code	LW622	Title of the Course	General Principles of Criminal Law and Forensic Science	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	II	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	Law Graduates	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To acquaint the students with the methodological and detailed understanding of the Principles of Criminal Law. The program inculcates research-oriented aptitude in students with regard to various topics under the criminal legal system in India. To inculcate amongst students the ability to evaluate critically the contemporary criminal justice system and the Concept of Decriminalization. 						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	This Unit will acquaint the students with the Principles of Crime and the role of the administration of Criminal Justice in a crime-free society.
CO2	This Unit illustrates the concept of liability and the reasons for the commission of the crime in reference to the accused and will enrich the students with the principles of establishing a case against the accused.
CO3	This Unit describes the Stages of Crime and the different kinds of crimes with reference to the stages in the commission of the same.
CO4	This Unit deals with the introduction to Forensic Science and the processes involved in the Criminal Justice Administration.
CO5	This Unit deals with the basic concepts of Forensic Science and the introduction to the various techniques used for the application of Forensic Science

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction	Meaning of Crime; Administration of Criminal Justice – Meaning, Necessity, and Growth; Doctrine of Mens Rea and Exceptions; Stages in Commission of Crime; Statutory Offences; Constitutional Foundations of Criminal Justice System; Functionaries of Criminal Justice Administration including the hierarchy of courts; Comparative analysis of two models of the criminal process- Adversarial and Inquisitorial systems.	08	CO1
2	Principles of Liability and Stages of Crime	Principles of Group Liability; Strict Liability; Absolute Liability; Presumption of Innocence; Common Intention and Common Object; Theories of Causation of Crimes; Inchoate Crimes; Principle of Abetment: English and Indian Law on Abetment; Criminal Conspiracy; Theories of Attempt; Attempt and Preparation Distinguished.	08	CO2
3	Protection of Accused and Crimes	General Exceptions; Right of Private Defense; Bail Justice System; Prison Justice; Reporting of Crimes and Arrest Process in Criminal Justice Administration and Rights of Arrestee Sedition; Crimes against Society; Crimes against Morality	08	CO3
4	Introduction to Forensic Science	Definition & scope of forensic science in a criminal investigation. Laws & principles of forensic science. Definition & classification of the crime scene (Indoor & Outdoor, Primary & Secondary, Macroscopic & Microscopic crime scene, Conveyance crime scene). Stages in crime scene investigation, Significance of crime Scene. Aim of scientific investigation. Argument and Ethics of Crime Scene. Crime scene reconstruction.	10	CO4
5	Introduction to the Domain of Forensic Science	Forensic Biology & Serology; Forensic Medicine & Toxicology; Questioned Documents and Examination; Fingerprints & Impressions; Forensic Ballistics & Explosive; Forensic Physics Digital & Cyber Forensic; Forensic Psychology: Narco-Analysis Tests, Polygraph test, Brain Mapping Test, Lie Detector Test	11	CO5

Reference Books:	
●	Jerome Hall, General Principles of Criminal Law (Law Book Exchange, 2010)
●	Shamsul Huda, Principles of Law of Crimes (State Mutual Book and Periodical Service Limited, 1982)
●	K.D. Gaur, Criminal Law Cases and Materials, (Lexis Nexis, 9 th Edition)

- K.D. Gaur, Commentary on the Indian Penal Code, (Universal Law Publishing Co. 2nd Edn., 2013)

e-Learning Source:

- <https://law.gwu.libguides.com/>
- https://www.academia.edu/31774950/GENERAL_PRINCIPLES_OF_CRIMINAL_LAW
- <https://indiankanoon.org>
- <https://www.livelaw.in/>

Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)											
PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	3	2		1		3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3					3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3					3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3		2			3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3			1		3	3	3	3

1.Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2023-24							
Course Code	LW624	Title of the Course	Human Rights and Criminal Justice System	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	II	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	Law Graduate	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This course is aimed at acquainting students with the perspective of the Criminal Justice System and its conformity with accepted Human rights norms. This course endeavors to equip students with the critical vision of the Criminal Justice System in India and inculcates in them the jurisprudential and scholastic importance of the Human Rights of Accused, Under-Trials, and Prisoners. 						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	This Unit will create insight and fortify the knowledge of the Criminal Justice System in India.
CO2	This unit will give the students basic structural knowledge of Human Rights, Human Rights Mechanisms, and important International Conventions in this regard.
CO3	This unit shall apprise students about Legislative responses relating to the rights of the accused and under-trial prisoners.
CO4	This unit shall apprise students about Judicial Response regarding the rights of the accused and under-trial prisoners and having affinity to the criminal justice system.
CO5	This unit deals with the Executive arm of the state in the criminal justice system and it shall apprise the students of an in-depth knowledge of the powers and functions of the Police.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Criminal Justice System	Overview and Objectives, Types and Components, Factors which are responsible for the increase or decrease of the effectiveness of the Criminal Justice System in India.	07	CO1
2	Human Rights	Human Rights- Definition, Relevance in Criminal Justice. NHRC-Constitution, Power, and Functions. Human Rights Violation in Criminal Justice System. Convention against Torture, and other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (UNCAT), 1984. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 (UDHR). International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 (ICCPR), Rights of prison inmates.	10	CO2
3	Legislative Response to Human Rights in the Criminal Justice System	Constitutional doctrines relating to Criminal Justice System: Ex Post-Facto Laws, Double Jeopardy, Protection against Self-Incrimination; Protection against Arrest and Detention, and Preventive Detention Laws. Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993.	10	CO3
4	Judicial Response to Human Rights in the Criminal Justice System	Proactive Role of the Judiciary in the Criminal Justice System, PIL, Ensuring Timely filing of Charge-Sheet, Limitation on Adjournments of Trial, Regulation of Remand sought by Prosecution, and Exercise of Due Diligence on Bail Application. Regulation of Preventive Detention.	10	CO4
5	Role of Police in Criminal Justice System.	Issues and impediments in registration of FIR and the role of Police; investigations and procedural lacunae; criminal investigation and State's Responsibility; Policing the Police-Role and functioning of Policing structure; viability of forensic and scientific evidence in criminal investigations; The Model Police Act, 2006- A comparative evaluation. Powers and Function of Officers and Authorities under the New Act. Access to Justice (Prakash Singh & Ors. v. Union of India; Lalita Kumari v. Govt. of U.P. & Ors.)	08	CO5

Reference Books:

Pandit Kamalakar, Human Rights and Criminal Justice (Asia Law House, 2019)

Pradeep Kulshreshtha, N K Srivastava, et.al., Human rights and Criminal Justice System in India (Bharti Publications)

e-Learning Source:

<https://www.legalserviceindia.com/>

<https://blog.iplleaders.in/>

<https://thelawblog.in/>

Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)

PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	CO1	3	3	3	2				3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3				3	3	3	3	
CO3	3	3	3				3	3	3	3	
CO4	3	3	3	2			3	3	3	3	
CO5	3	3	3				3	3	3	3	



Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2023-24							
Course Code	LW625	Title of the Course	Law relating to Juveniles	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	II	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	Law Graduates	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Aim of this course is to inculcate knowledge about young offenders in a wholly different center of the Criminal Justice System following the concept of 'parens patriae.' The Course also gave emphasis on the promotion and implementation of effective mechanisms in the fields of prevention, protection, and intervention within the field of juvenile justice especially with various Legislations and Judicial Pronouncements. 						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	The Course objective of the unit is to make students aware of the basic concept of Juveniles and the factors determining delinquency.
CO2	The Course Objective of this unit is to make students apprised of the status of Child victims, abuse, and violence forcing towards delinquent behavior.
CO3	The Course objective of the unit is to make students updated with the relevant legislative enactments of India.
CO4	The Course Objective of this unit is to make students updated with the prominent judicial decisions concerning Juvenile Justice.
CO5	The Course Objective of this unit is to make students know about the emerging dimensions of Juvenile Laws and the role of some authorities in the protection of Juveniles.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction	The Concept of Juvenile under Juvenile Law-Child in Conflict with Law (Delinquent Juvenile) and Children in Need of Care and Protection (Neglected Juvenile); Meaning of Children and its Distinction with Juvenile in the Context of UN Convention on Child Rights; Juvenile Delinquency: Meaning, Definition and Determining Factors of Juvenile Delinquency; Status of Juveniles and Comparison of Juvenile Justice Laws existing in other countries.	10	CO1
2	Status of a Child Victim of Violence and Abuse	The Child Population percentage to total Sex-Ratio: urban/rural/rural-urban Categories of Children under the Juvenile Justice System: Child in need of care and Protection-Physically and mentally disabled, Orphans, Destitute/vagrant, Street Children; Child Laborers-In Organized Industries and Unorganized Sector; Abuse of Child- Sexual, Physical, Emotional and Mental; Drug addicts and victims of Drug Trade; Victims of Violence and of Criminal activities.	10	CO2
3	Legislative Structure of the Juvenile Justice System	Legislative Approaches during the late colonial era: From Apprentices Act 1850 to Children's Act, 1960; The Juvenile Justice Legislations: Status of Juvenile from JJ Act, 1986 to JJ Act, 2000; Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015: Competent Authorities, Processual safeguards for juveniles, Preliminary Assessment, Institutions, and bodies; Responsibilities and Coordination among related agencies, Powers given to the government, Community participation as envisaged under the Act; Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Amendment Act, 2021: Role of Juvenile Justice Board and Child Welfare Committee, Adoption Policy.	10	CO3
4	Judicial Process: Role of the Courts	Traditional and Contemporary Judicial Decisions; The Supreme Court initiative for implementing Juvenile Justice Act: Impact of Sheela Barse Case; Social Action litigation concerning Juvenile Justice; Role of the legal profession in Juvenile Justice System; Role of Children Courts under POCSO, National and State Commissions on Children. Issues pertaining to Psychological Examination of Child Victim and Child Offender.	07	CO4
5	Emerging Dimensions and Role of Authorities	Emerging Dimensions of Law relating to Juveniles: Rehabilitation and Social Reintegration; Competent Authorities and Juvenile Institutions: Children's Homes, Special Homes, Observation Homes, After Care Organizations, and other homes; Preventive Strategies-State Welfare Programs, health, nutrition, ICWS, grants-in-aid, Compulsory education; Role of community, family, voluntary bodies, and individuals.	08	CO5

Reference Books:
1. Juvenile Justice: Care and Protection of Children Act, 2015 with Exhaustive Case Law, (Universal Law Publishing - An imprint of LexisNexis, 2022 with amendments of 2021)
2. Veda Kumari, The Juvenile Justice System in India: From Welfare to Rights (OUP India, 2nd edition, 2010)
3. Universal Legal Author, Child Laws Containing Act, Rules, Charters, Conventions & Policies for Children & Juvenile Justice: Child Laws: Containing Acts, Rules, Charters, ... Guidelines for Children and Juvenile Justice (Universal Law Publishing - An imprint of LexisNexis, 2013 edition, 2015)
e-Learning Source:
www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
www.legalserviceindia.com
www.lawctopus.com
blog.ipleaders.in

Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	3	2				3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3				3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3					3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3			1		3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3					3	3	3	3

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